

**COMBINATORIAL HOPF ALGEBRAS - ECCO'12**  
**EXERCISES LECTURE 2**

- (1). Can you come up with a product and/or coproduct structure on your favorite combinatorial object (graphs, trees, matroids, ranked posets,...)? Can you use those operations to induce a Hopf algebra structure? If you succeed, in which sense is this a CHA?
- (2). Define the Schur function  $s_\lambda(\mathbf{x})$  as

$$s_\lambda(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_T \mathbf{x}^T$$

summing over all the semistandard Young tableaux of shape  $\lambda$ . Give an expansion for the Schur function  $s_\lambda$  in monomials, where:

- $\lambda = (2)$
  - $\lambda = (2, 1)$
  - $\lambda = (2, 2)$
  - $\lambda =$  any partition. Give a combinatorial description of the coefficients appearing on this expansion.
- (3). Compute  $s_{(2)}(\mathbf{x})s_{(2)}(\mathbf{x})$  in terms of Schur functions. What is the coefficient of  $s_{(4)}(\mathbf{x})$ ?
- (4). – Let  $V$  be a finite dimensional vector space and let  $GL(V)$  the space of invertible linear transformations of  $V$ . A representation of a group  $G$  is a homomorphism  $\phi : G \rightarrow GL(V)$ .  
 Let  $G = S_n$ ,  $V = \mathbb{C}$  and  $\phi$  such that  $\phi(\sigma) = (1)$  for all  $\sigma \in S_n$ .  
 Show that this is a representation of  $S_n$ , called the trivial representation  $\mathbb{I}_{S_n}$ .  
 Show that  $\mathbb{I}_{S_n}$  is irreducible in the sense that it does not contain non-trivial subspaces invariant under the action of  $S_n$ .  
 – Using the fact that the trivial representation corresponds to the Schur function  $s_{(n)}(\mathbf{x})$  and knowing that

$$\text{Ind}_{S_2 \times S_2}^{S_4}(\mathbb{I}_{S_2} \times \mathbb{I}_{S_2}) := \bigoplus_{\sigma_i \in S_4 / (S_2 \times S_2)} k\{\sigma_i \cdot (S_2 \times S_2)\}$$

- where the sum is over a set of coset representatives  $\{\sigma_i\}$ , find a subspace of  $\text{Ind}_{S_2 \times S_2}^{S_4}(\mathbb{I}_{S_2} \times \mathbb{I}_{S_2})$  that is isomorphic to the trivial representation of  $S_4$ . What is the decomposition (in irreducibles) of this induced representation? (hint: use (3)).
- What is the multiplicity of the trivial representation  $\mathbb{I}_{S_4}$  in this decomposition?